

Fund managers: Andrew Lapping, Mark Dunley-Owen, Leonard Krüger. (Most foreign assets are invested in Orbis funds.)
Inception date: 1 July 2000

Fund description and summary of investment policy

The Fund invests in a mix of shares, bonds, property, commodities and cash. The Fund may buy foreign assets up to a maximum of 25% of the Fund (with an additional 5% for African ex-SA investments). The Fund typically invests the bulk of its foreign allowance in a mix of funds managed by Orbis Investment Management Limited, our offshore investment partner. The maximum net equity exposure of the Fund is 40%. The Fund's net equity exposure may be reduced from time to time using exchange-traded derivative contracts on stock market indices. The Fund is managed to comply with the investment limits governing retirement funds. Returns are likely to be less volatile than those of an equity-only fund or a balanced fund.

ASISA unit trust category: South African - Multi Asset - Low Equity

Fund objective and benchmark

The Fund aims to provide a high degree of capital stability and to minimise the risk of loss over any two-year period, while producing long-term returns that are superior to bank deposits. The Fund's benchmark is the daily interest rate, as supplied by FirstRand Bank Limited, plus 2%.

How we aim to achieve the Fund's objective

A major portion of the Fund is typically invested in money market instruments. We seek to deploy the Fund's cash by investing in shares when they can be bought at a significant discount to their intrinsic value. We thoroughly research companies to assess their intrinsic value from a long-term perspective. This long-term perspective enables us to buy shares which are shunned by the stock market because of their unexciting or poor short-term prospects, but which are relatively attractively priced if one looks to the long term. If the stock market offers few attractive shares, we may allocate a low weight to shares or partially hedge the Fund's stock market exposure in consideration of the Fund's capital preservation objectives. The Fund may also invest in bonds, property and commodities. The Fund's bond and money market investments are actively managed.

Suitable for those investors who

- Are risk-averse and require a high degree of capital stability
- Seek both above-inflation returns over the long term, and capital preservation over any two-year period
- Require some income but also some capital growth
- Wish to invest in a unit trust that complies with retirement fund investment limits

Minimum investment amounts

Minimum lump sum per investor account	R20 000
Additional lump sum	R500
Minimum debit order*	R500

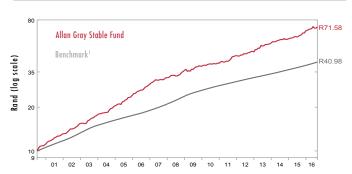
^{*}Only available to investors with a South African bank account.

Fund information on 31 August 2016

Fund size	R41.5bn
Number of units	827 253 953
Price (net asset value per unit)	R34.33
Class	A

Performance net of all fees and expenses

Value of R10 invested at inception with all distributions reinvested



% Returns	Fund	Benchmark ¹	CPI inflation ²
Cumulative:			
Since inception	615.8	309.8	148.2
Annualised:			
Since inception	12.9	9.1	5.8
Latest 10 years	10.3	8.3	6.3
Latest 5 years	10.8	6.8	5.7
Latest 3 years	9.8	<i>7</i> .1	5.8
Latest 2 years	10.7	7.5	5.5
Latest 1 year	14.3	<i>7</i> .9	6.0
Year-to-date (not annualised)	6.5	5.4	5.4
Risk measures (since inception)			
Maximum drawdown ³	-4.1	n/a	n/a
Percentage positive months ⁴	80.9	100.0	n/a
Annualised monthly volatility ⁵	4.3	0.7	n/a
Highest annual return ⁶	23.3	14.6	n/a
Lowest annual return ⁶	3.3	6.2	n/a

- The Fund's benchmark is the daily interest rate, as supplied by FirstRand Bank Limited plus 2%, performance as calculated by Allan Gray as at 31 August 2016.
- 2. This is based on the latest numbers published by INET BFA as at 31 July 2016.
- Maximum percentage decline over any period. The maximum drawdown occurred from 12 May 2006 to 14 June 2006. Drawdown is calculated on the total return of the Fund (i.e. including income).
- The percentage of calendar months in which the Fund produced a positive monthly return since inception.
- The standard deviation of the Fund's monthly return. This is a measure of how much an investment's return varies from its average over time.
- 6. These are the highest or lowest consecutive 12-month returns since inception. This is a measure of how much the Fund and the benchmark returns have varied per rolling 12-month period. The Fund's highest annual return occurred during the 12 months ended 30 April 2006 and the benchmark's occurred during the 12 months ended 30 June 2003. The Fund's lowest annual return occurred during the 12 months ended 31 October 2010 and the benchmark's occurred during the 12 months ended 31 January 2014. All rolling 12-month figures for the Fund and the benchmark are available from our Client Service Centre on request.



ALLAN GRAY STABLE FUND

Meeting the Fund objective

Since inception and over the latest 10 and five-year periods, the Fund has outperformed its benchmark and CPI inflation, while providing a high degree of capital stability. The Fund aims to minimise the risk of loss over any two-year period. The lowest annual return number, in the 'Performance net of all fees and expenses' table, show that the Fund has not yet experienced a negative return over any rolling 12-month period.

Income distributions for the last 12 months

To the extent that income earned in the form of dividends and interest exceeds expenses in the Fund, the Fund will distribute any surplus quarterly.	30 Sep	31 Dec	31 Mar	30 Jun
	2015	2015	2016	2016
Cents per unit	24.2600	18.1246	26.2262	24.9945

Annual management fee

Allan Gray charges a fee based on the net asset value of the Fund excluding the portion invested in Orbis funds. The fee rate is calculated daily by comparing the Fund's total performance over the last two years, to that of the benchmark. If the Fund's return over two years is equal to or less than 0%, Allan Gray will not charge a fee.

Fee for performance equal to the Fund's benchmark: 1.00% p.a. excl. VAT

For each percentage of two-year performance above or below the benchmark we add or deduct 0.1%, subject to the following limits:

Maximum fee: 1.50% p.a. excl. VAT Minimum fee: 0.50% p.a. excl. VAT

This means that Allan Gray shares in approximately 20% of annualised performance relative to the benchmark.

A portion of the Fund may be invested in Orbis funds. Orbis charges performance-based fees within these funds that are calculated based on each Orbis fund's performance relative to its own benchmark.

Total expense ratio (TER) and Transaction costs

The annual management fees charged by both Allan Gray and Orbis are included in the TER. The TER is a measure of the actual expenses incurred by the Fund over a 3-year period (annualised). Since Fund returns are quoted after deduction of these expenses, the TER should not be deducted from the published returns (refer to page 4 for further information). Transaction costs are disclosed separately.

TER and Transaction costs breakdown for the 3-year period ending 30 June 2016	%
Total expense ratio	1.64
Fee for benchmark performance	1.03
Performance fees	0.44
Other costs excluding transaction costs	0.02
VAT	0.15
Transaction costs (including VAT)	0.07
Total investment charge	1.71

Top 10 share holdings on 30 June 2016 (SA and Foreign) (updated quarterly)⁸

Company	% of portfolio
British American Tobacco	3.4
Sasol	3.2
Standard Bank	2.2
Old Mutual	2.0
SABMiller	1.8
Remgro	1.4
Naspers	1.0
NetEase	0.9
Barclays Africa	0.8
Reinet	0.8
Total (%)	17.5

Top credit exposures on 30 June 2016 (SA and Foreign) (updated auarterly)^{7,8}

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% of portfolio		
6.6		
6.0		
5.6		
4.8		
4.2		
2.0		
2.0		
1.4		
1.0		
33.6		

^{7.} All credit exposure 1% or more of portfolio.

Asset allocation on 31 August 20168

Asset Class	Total	South Africa	Africa ex-SA	Foreign ex-Africa
Net equity	30.1	20.0	0.5	9.6
Hedged equity	18.0	6.3	0.0	11.7
Property	2.4	1.7	0.0	0.8
Commodity-linked	4.2	3.9	0.0	0.3
Bonds	15.0	12.4	0.9	1.7
Money market and bank deposits	30.3	28.2	0.3	1.7
Total (%)	100.0	72.5	1.7	25.7 ⁹

^{8.} Underlying holdings of Orbis funds are included on a look-through basis.

Since inception, the Fund's month-end net equity exposure has varied as follows:

Minimum	12.4% (January 2010)
Average	23.2%
Maximum	39.4% (August 2004)

Note: There may be slight discrepancies in the totals due to rounding

^{9.} The Fund is above its foreign exposure limit due to market value movements.



Fund manager quarterly commentary as at 30 June 2016

'May you live in interesting times' is an English expression which many believe to be a translation of a traditional Chinese curse. The expression seems to have actually originated from a British statesman, Joseph Chamberlain, who in 1898 said: 'I think that you will all agree that we are living in most interesting times. I never remember myself a time in which our history was so full, in which day-by-day brought us new objects of interest, and, let me say also, new objects for anxiety.'

In this expression, 'interesting' is commonly equated with 'difficult'. Investing is similar, in that the more interesting things are, the more difficult they are to understand and forecast accurately.

The last five years have certainly been interesting times for investors. Central banks have repeatedly stimulated the global economy yet inflation and interest rates continue to fall. The person in the street has increasingly voiced dissatisfaction with the status quo. Technology has challenged long held assumptions. Locally, confidence in South Africa is near all-time lows as we move between political and economic crises.

Despite the interesting times, the Stable Fund has outperformed inflation by 37% cumulatively over the last five years. Allan Gray's objective is to create long-term wealth for our clients, and it is pleasing that clients invested in the Fund are wealthier in real terms today than they were five years ago. While we cannot predict the future, we will continue to manage the Fund with this objective in mind.

There are two investment lessons from Chamberlain's expression. Firstly, common wisdom is often wrong. Our philosophy requires us to question assumptions and have conviction in our views even when they are different from the consensus. The Fund has thus held large investments in British American Tobacco (BAT) and SABMiller (SAB) despite these being criticised as expensive and lacking growth. Our view is that well-managed, cash-generative businesses such as BAT and SAB were undervalued relative to an expensive market. This proved correct, with both shares outperforming the FTSE/JSE All Share Index (ALSI) including income by almost 200% cumulatively over the last five years. In light of this outperformance we have gradually reduced the Fund's BAT and SAB exposure and invested the proceeds into shares that we believe now offer better value.

Secondly, Chamberlain suggests that we have been living in interesting times for a long time. The uncertainties of today are not new and, while they make investing more difficult, they also create the opportunities needed for the Fund to generate long-term wealth.

Old Mutual, for example, is a collection of insurance and investment businesses across three continents that Chamberlain may have described as 'interesting'. It has significant exposure to the United Kingdom, the outlook of which is more uncertain since the UK voted to leave the European Union. Perhaps because of these difficulties, one can buy Old Mutual at an attractive discount to what we believe is the value of its individual businesses. Old Mutual thus remains one of the Fund's larger equity holdings.

The Fund's asset allocation remained similar over the quarter except for marginally higher foreign net equity exposure. The most notable change in local equity exposure was the reduction in BAT and SAB mentioned above. Fixed interest maturities were invested into short-duration bank instruments that offer attractive real yields at low risk.

Commentary contributed by Mark Dunley-Owen



Notes for consideration

Management Company

Allan Gray Unit Trust Management (RF) Proprietary Limited (the 'Management Company') is registered as a management company under the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act 45 of 2002, in terms of which it operates 11 unit trust portfolios under the Allan Gray Unit Trust Scheme, and is supervised by the Financial Services Board ('FSB'). The Management Company is incorporated under the laws of South Africa and has been approved by the regulatory authority of Botswana to market its unit trusts in Botswana, however it is not supervised or licensed in Botswana. Allan Gray Proprietary Limited (the 'Investment Manager'), an authorised financial services provider, is the appointed Investment Manager of the Management Company and is a member of the Association for Savings & Investment South Africa (ASISA). The trustee/custodian of the Allan Gray Unit Trust Scheme is Rand Merchant Bank, a division of FirstRand Bank Limited. The trustee/ custodian can be contacted at RMB Custody and Trustee Services: Tel: +27 (0)87 736 1732 or www.rmb.co.za

Performance

Collective Investment Schemes in Securities (unit trusts or funds) are generally medium- to long-term investments. The value of units may go down as well as up and past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. Movements in exchange rates may also cause the value of underlying international investments to go up or down. The Management Company does not provide any guarantee regarding the capital or the performance of the Fund. Performance figures are provided by the Investment Manager and are for lump sum investments with income distributions reinvested. Where annualised performance is mentioned, this refers to the average return per year over the period. Actual investor performance may differ as a result of the investment date, the date of reinvestment and dividend withholding tax.

Fund mandate

The Fund may be closed to new investments at any time in order to be managed according to its mandate. Unit trusts are traded at ruling prices and can engage in borrowing and scrip lending. The Fund may borrow up to 10% of its market value to bridge insufficient liquidity.

Unit price

Unit trust prices are calculated on a net asset value basis, which is the total market value of all assets in the Fund including any income accruals and less any permissible deductions from the Fund divided by the number of units in issue. Forward pricing is used and fund valuations take place at approximately 16:00 each business day. Purchase and redemption requests must be received by the Management Company by 14:00 each business day to receive that day's price. Unit trust prices are available daily on www.allangray.co.za

Fees

Permissible deductions may include management fees, brokerage, Securities Transfer Tax (STT), auditor's fees, bank charges and trustee fees. A schedule of fees, charges and maximum commissions is available on request from Allan Gray.

Total expense ratio (TER) and Transaction costs

The total expense ratio (TER) is the annualised percentage of the Fund's average assets under management that has been used to pay the Fund's actual expenses over the past three years. The TER includes the annual management fees that have been charged (both the fee at benchmark and any performance component charged), VAT and other expenses like audit and trustee fees. Transaction costs (including brokerage, Securities Transfer Tax [STT], STRATE and FSB Investor Protection Levy and VAT thereon) are shown separately. Transaction costs are a necessary cost in administering the Fund and impact Fund returns. They should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of financial product, the investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER. Since Fund returns are quoted after the deduction of these expenses, the TER and Transaction costs should not be deducted again from published returns. As unit trust expenses vary, the current TER cannot be used as an indication of future TERs. A higher TER ratio does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. Instead, when investing, the investment objective of the Fund should be aligned with the investor's objective and compared against the performance of the Fund. The TER and other funds' TERs should then be used to evaluate whether the Fund performance offers value for money. The sum of the TER and Transaction costs is shown as the Total investment charge.

Compliance with Regulation 28

The Fund is managed to comply with Regulation 28 of the Pension Funds Act. Exposures in excess of the limits will be corrected immediately, except where due to a change in the fair value or characteristic of an asset, e.g. market value fluctuations, in which case they will be corrected within a reasonable time period. The Management Company does not monitor compliance by retirement funds with section 19(4) of the Pension Funds Act (item 6 of Table 1 to Regulation 28).

Foreign exposure

This fund may invest in foreign funds managed by Orbis Investment Management Limited, our offshore investment partner.

Need more information?

You can obtain additional information about your proposed investment from Allan Gray free of charge either via our website www.allangray.co.za or via our Client Service Centre on 0860 000 654